PERIOD FIVE

American Indians, Asian Americans, Compromise of 1850, Election of 1860, Emancipation Proclamation, Kansas/Nebraska Act, <u>Abraham Lincoln</u>, Manifest Destiny, Civil War, Nativism, Abolitionists, Dred Scott, Reconstruction, Radical Republicans, Mexican-American War, National Parks, Nullification, Positive Good Theory, Republican Party, Secession, Sharecropping, States' Rights, Thirteenth-Fourteenth-Fifteenth Amendments

Annexing Texas, Blanche Bruce, John C. Calhoun, Lydia Child, Colored Farmer's Alliance, Gettysburg, Gold Rush, Homestead Act, Know Nothings, March to the Sea (Sherman), Mariano Vallejo, Mormons, "Oregon Border dispute", Parochial Schools, Commodore Mathew Perry, Pueblo, Hiram Revels, Sand Creek Massacre, Antebellum reforms, Confederate States of America, Webster-Ashburton Treaty, Personal liberty laws, Bessemer Process, Oil (Pennsylvania), Free Soil Party, Gadsden Purchase, Harriet Tubman, Harriet Beecher Stowe, Uncle Tom's Cabin, Trent Affair, Wilmot Proviso, Transcontinental Railroad, Irish Immigration, Chinese Immigration, Morrill Act (Homestead), John Brown, Stephen Douglass,